CHANGES

IN THE

General Statutes of 1878,

OF THE

STATE OF MINNESOTA,

EFFECTED BY THE GENERAL LAWS OF THE EXTRA SESSION OF 1881, AND THE REGULAR SESSION OF 1883.

Arranged with reference to the Chapter and Section Amended.

SAINT PAUL: WEST PUBLISHING COMPANY. 1883.

business, officers, directors, and employes, all the power and authority conferred upon him over banks and other moneyed corporations under the laws of this state; and in the event of his inability to act in the premises, the state auditor may discharge and perform all the duties of the public examiner in relation to such corporation. (Id. § 13.)

Public examiner may direct discontinuance of corporation. ***8 440.** it shall appear to the said public examiner or state auditor, from any examination made by either of them, or from any report of any examination made by them, that said corporation has committed a violation of its charter, or of the law, or that it is conducting business in any unsafe or unauthorized manner, he, or either of them, shall, by an order under his hand and seal of office, addressed to such corporation, direct the discontinuance of such illegal or unsafe practices, and conformity with the requirements of its charter and of the law, and with safety and security in its transactions. And whenever any such corporation shall refuse or neglect to make such report or account as may be lawfully required, or to comply with any such order as aforesaid, or whenever it shall appear to the said examiner, or to the state auditor acting for him, that it is unsafe or inexpedient for any such corporation to continue to transact business, he shall communicate the facts to the attorney general, who shall thereupon be authorized [to] institute such proceedings against any such corporation as are now, or may hereafter be, provided by law in the case of insolvent corporations, or such other proceedings as the case may require. (Id. § 14.) See page 451.

CHAPTER XXXV.

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

HOSPITALS FOR THE INSANE.

*§ 18a. Authority of trustees to purchase lands for hospitals. board of trustees of the Minnesota hospitals for insane are hereby authorized and empowered to purchase land for the use of the hospitals, said purchase not to exceed in cost eight thousand four hundred dollars, for the first hospital, and ten thousand dollars, for the second hospital. (1883, c. 96, § 1.) See page 455.

Strike out last paragraph of *§ 28, p. 458, as amended by Laws 1879, c. 31, § 1,

(see Supp. 1881, p. 77,) and insert:

Said commissioners shall be known and designated as the lunacy commission, and shall receive for their said services and expenses the sum of one hundred dollars per annum each; for which the state auditor shall draw his warrant on the state treasurer, payable out of the general fund. (1881, Ex. Sess. c. 40, § 1.)

STATE REFORM SCHOOL.

*8 45. Commitment of infants convicted of crime. That whenever any infant under the age of sixteen years shall have been duly convicted in any of the courts of this state of any crime punishable by imprisonment, except of the crime of murder, it shall be the duty of the magistrate before whom such conviction is had to commit the said infant so convicted to the guardianship of the board of managers of the Minnesota State Reform School. (1872, c. 28, § 1, as amended 1883, c. 37, § 1.)

See page 461.

*§ 46. Commitment for incorrigibility—approval by district court. That no justice of the peace shall have power to commit any infant to said reform school upon a charge of incorrigibility unless such charge is proved by at least two disinterested witnesses, and no commitment for incorrigibility shall be sufficient 62 [CHAP. EDUCATION.

to justify the admission of said incorrigible infant into the reform school unless such commitment be approved by the judge of the district court of the district to which the county from which such infant is committed belongs, and no other consent or approval of any officer whatever shall be necessary to authorize the commitment: but in all cases of conviction before a justice of the peace, whether for incorrigibility or any other crime, the justice shall reduce all the evidence taken by him to writing, and state the name, age, and residence of each witness examined, and transmit the same forthwith to the judge of the district court aforesaid, whose duty it shall be to examine the same and approve or disapprove of such conviction. If the conviction of the justice is approved, the minor shall forthwith be committed to the said board of managers; if disapproved, no other proceeding shall be had. (Id. § 2.)

*§ 47. Expense—how to be paid. That the children received by said managers, under the conviction of any court within this state, shall be clothed, maintained, and instructed by said managers at the public expense of the state: provided, however, that when such conviction is solely from incorrigibility, then such infant shall be so clothed, maintained, and instructed by said managers at the public expense of the proper county from which such infant is sent; and the account of all infants so committed for incorrigibility shall be kept by the managers in an intelligible and proper manner. (Id. \S 3.)

See page 461.

BOARD OF FUEL COMMISSIONERS.

*\$ 69. Fuel commissioners—board—how constituted. The governor, state auditor, and state treasurer are hereby constituted a board of fuel commissioners, whose duty it shall be to purchase such an amount of coal as may be necessary

for the use of the various state institutions. (1883, c. 118, § 1.)

*§ 70. Board to advertise for bids for coal. The said board of fuel commissioners shall annually, on or before the first day of July in each and every year, give notice in such newspaper as [they] may deem necessary, for thirty days, that sealed proposals will be received at the office of the state auditor, until a day specified in said notice, for the delivery of coal for the use of the various state institutions, at such times and at such places, and in such amounts, as the said board may designate. $(Id. \S 2.)$

Trustees to report estimate to board. It shall be the duty of the trustees of each of the state institutions using coal as fuel, to report to the said board of fuel commissioners, on or before the nineteenth day of June in each year, an estimated amount of coal necessary for such institutions for the fiscal year next ensuing. $(Id. \S 3.)$

See page 464.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

EDUCATION.

ORGANIZATION OF SCHOOL-DISTRICTS.

*§ 12a. Unorganized counties—schools may be established in. county commissioners of counties to which unorganized counties are attached shall have power to establish common schools in such unorganized counties in the manner prescribed in section number twelve of chapter number thirty-six, General Statutes, relating to the establishment of common schools. (1883, c. 117, § 1.)

Jurisdiction of county superintendent over. The school superintendents of such organized counties shall have jurisdiction over the schools of unor-

ganized counties attached to their respective counties. (Id. § 2.)

*§ 12a Such schools on same footing as others. Schools established under this act shall be on the same footing in all respects with schools in organized counties. (Id. § 3.) See page 468.